

SỞ GD&ĐT BẮC GIANG
TRƯỜNG THPT NGÔ SĨ LIÊN

ĐỀ THI THỬ KỲ THI THPT QUỐC GIA LẦN 2

Năm học 2015 - 2016

Môn: TIẾNG ANH LỚP 12

Đề thi có 06 trang

Thời gian làm bài: 90 phút (Không kể thời gian phát đề)

(Học sinh làm phần trắc nghiệm 64 câu vào phiếu trả lời trắc nghiệm và phần tự luận vào mặt sau của phiếu trả lời.)

Mã đề thi 183

SECTION A (8 points)

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 1: A. Christmas B. chemical C. switch D. character

Question 2: A. advertise B. addition C. advantage D. adventure

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose stress differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 3: A. attendance B. obedient C. candidate D. security

Question 4: A. contaminate B. kindergarten C. conventional D. curriculum

Question 5: A. attend B. visit C. apply D. appear

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 6: As a millionaire who liked to show off her wealth, Mrs. Smith paid _____ we asked.

- A. four time much than B. four time as many as
C. four times as much as D. four times much as

Question 7: Her mother, _____ has been working for thirty years, is retiring next month.

- A. that B. whom C. whose D. who

Question 8: Without my parents' support, _____ my overseas study.

- A. will not complete B. did not complete
C. had not completed D. would not have completed

Question 9: Maria: "I'm taking my end-of-term examination tomorrow."

Sarah: "_____."

- A. Good time B. Good chance C. Good day D. Good luck

Question 10: He was very lucky when he fell off the ladder. He _____ himself.

- A. must have hurt B. should have hurt C. will have hurt D. could have hurt

Question 11: We are going to _____

- A. have our house to be redecorated B. have our house redecorated
C. get our house being redecorated D. have our house be redecorated

Question 12: The last student _____ was John.

- A. for interviewed B. who is interviewed
C. to be interviewed D. whom was interviewed

Question 13: In a formal interview, it is essential to maintain good eye _____ with the interviewers.

- A. connection B. link C. touch D. contact

Question 14: The man _____ at the blackboard is our teacher.

- A. stands B. stood C. to stand D. standing

Question 15: The theory of relativity _____ by Einstein, who was a famous physicist.

A. was developed B. developed C. is developed D. develops

Question 16: It is _____ work of art that everyone wants to have a look at it.

A. such an unusual B. such unusual a C. a so unusual D. so an unusual

Question 17: "Your parents must be proud of your result at school". - "_____"

A. I am glad you like it. B. Sorry to hear that.
C. Thanks. It's certainly encouraging. D. Of course

Question 18: The teacher, along with her students, _____ going to school at the moment.

A. is B. are C. was D. were

Question 19: _____, I would give a party.

A. Should she come next month B. If she come next month
C. She were to come next month D. If she came here now

Question 20: She isn't _____ well with the new manager.

A. going on B. keeping on C. taking on D. getting on

Question 21: I suggest the room _____ before Christmas.

A. be decorated B. is decorated C. were decorated D. should decorate

Question 22: You should look up the meaning of the new in the dictionary _____ misuse it.

A. so as to B. to C. so as not to D. so that

Question 23: They asked me a lot of questions, _____ I couldn't answer.

A. most of which B. of which most C. most of that D. of that most

Question 24: _____ is to give strangers your address.

A. What must never you do B. That must never you do
C. That you must never do D. What you must never do

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 25: I received housing benefit when I was unemployed.

A. out of practice B. out of order C. out of fashion D. out of work

Question 26: GCSEs are not compulsory, but they are the most common qualifications taken by 14-16-year-old students.

A. fulfilled B. required C. specialized D. applied

Question 27: Before the interview, you have to send a letter of application and your résumé to the company.

A. curriculum vitae B. reference C. recommendation D. photograph

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 28: Punctuality is imperative in your new job.

A. Being efficient B. Being courteous C. Being late D. Being cheerful

Question 29: "That is a well-behaved boy whose behavior has nothing to complain about"

A. behaving nice B. behaving cleverly C. good behavior D. behaving improperly

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 30: The assumption that smoking has bad effects on our health have been proved.

A B C D

Question 31: I like the fresh air and green trees of the village which I spent my vacation last year.

A B C D

Question 32: I told him I'd prefer to walk, but he insisted to give me a lift.

A B C D

Question 33: Full-time jobs for men are declining, while more women are finding part- and full-time work. The result is declining social status for men so they lose their role as the sole financial provider.

B C D

Question 34: The General Certificate of Secondary Education (GCSE) is the name of a set of English qualifications, generally taking by secondary school students at the age of 15-16 in England.

C D

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 35 to 44.

You will make the interview process easier for the employer if you prepare relevant information about yourself. Think about how you want to present your (35)____, experiences, education, work style, skills, and goals. Be prepared to supplement all your answers with examples that support the statements you make. It is also a good idea to review your resume with a critical eye and (36) ____ areas that an employer might see as limitations or want further information. Think about how you can answer difficult' questions (37) ____ and positively, while keeping each answer brief.

An interview gives the employer a (38)____ to get to know you. While you do want to market yourself to the employer, answer each question with an honest (39) ____.

Never say anything negative about past experiences, employers, or courses and professors. Always think of something positive about an experience and talk about that. You should also be (40) _____. If you are genuinely interested (41) _____ the job, let the interviewer know that.

One of the best ways to show you are keen on a job is to demonstrate that you have researched the organization prior to the interview. You can also (42) _____ interest by asking questions about the job, the organization, and its services and products. The best way to impress an employer is to ask questions that build upon your interview discussion. This shows you are interested and (43) _____ close attention to the interviewer. It is a good idea to prepare a few questions in advance, but an insightful comment based on your conversation can make an even stronger statement. At the (44) _____ of an interview, it is appropriate for you to ask when you may expect to hear; from the employer.

Question 35: A. pressures B. strengths C. promotions D. practices

Question 36: A. hide B. identify C. express D. limit

Question 37: A. sharply B. accurately C. rightly D. hardly

Question 38: A. chance B. practice C. change D. way

Question 39: A. expression B. response C. ability D. respect

Question 40: A. enthusiast B. enthusiastic C. enthusiasm D. enthusiastically

Question 41: A. on B. in C. with D. for

Question 42: A. conceal B. show C. cover D. appear

Question 43: A. spend B. make C. pay D. choose

Question 44: A. finish B. final C. end D. close

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 45 to 54.

A survey is a study, generally in the form of an interview or a questionnaire, which provides information concerning how people think and act. In the United States, the best-known surveys are the Gallup poll and the Harris poll. As anyone who watches the news during campaigns presidential knows, these polls have become an important part of political life in the United States.

North Americans are familiar with the many "person on the street" interviews on local television news shows. While such interviews can be highly entertaining, they are not necessarily an accurate indication of public opinion. First, they reflect the opinions of only those people who appear at a certain location. Thus, such samples can be biased in favor of commuters, middle-class shoppers, or factory workers, depending on which area the news people select. Second, television interviews tend to attract outgoing people who are willing to appear on the air, while they frighten away others who may feel intimidated by a camera. A survey must be based on a precise, representative sampling if it is to genuinely reflect a broad range of the population.

In preparing to conduct a survey, sociologists must **exercise** great care in the wording of questions. An effective survey question must be simple and clear enough for people to understand it. It must also be specific enough so that there are no problems in interpreting the results. Even questions that are less structured must be carefully phrased in order to elicit the type of information desired. Surveys can be indispensable sources of information, but only if the sampling is done properly and the questions are worded accurately.

There are two main forms of surveys: the interview and the questionnaire. Each of these forms of survey research has its advantages. An interviewer can obtain a high response rate because people find it more difficult to turn down a personal request for an interview than to throw away a written questionnaire. In addition, an interviewer can go beyond written questions and probe for a subject's underlying feelings and reasons. However, questionnaires have the advantage of being cheaper and more consistent.

Question 45: *What does the passage mainly discuss?*

- A. The importance of polls in American political life
- B. The principles of conducting surveys
- C. Problems associated with interpreting surveys
- D. The history of surveys in North America

Question 46: *The word "they" in line 7 refers to _____.*

- A. interviews
- B. North Americans
- C. opinions
- D. news shows

Question 47: *According to the passage, the main disadvantage of person-on-the-street interviews is that they*

- A. are not based on a representative sampling
- B. reflect political opinions
- C. are not carefully worded
- D. are used only on television

Question 48: *The word "precise" in line 10 is closest in meaning to _____.*

- A. planned
- B. accurate
- C. required
- D. rational

Question 49: *According to paragraph 3, which of the following is most important for an effective survey?*

- A. A sociologist who is able to interpret the results
- B. A high number of respondents
- C. An interviewer's ability to measure respondents' feelings
- D. Carefully worded questions

Question 50: *The word "exercise" in line 12 is closest in meaning to _____.*

- A. defend
- B. utilize
- C. consider
- D. design

Question 51: *The word "elicit" in line 15 is closest in meaning to _____.*

- A. compose
- B. rule out
- C. predict
- D. bring out

Question 52: *It can be inferred from the passage that one reason that sociologists may become frustrated with questionnaires is that _____.*

- A. respondents often do not complete and return questionnaires
- B. respondents are too eager to supplement questions with their own opinions
- C. questionnaires are often difficult to read
- D. questionnaires are expensive and difficult to distribute

Question 53: *According to the passage, one advantage of live interviews over questionnaires is that live interviews _____.*

- A. are easier to interpret
- B. minimize the influence of the researcher
- C. cost less
- D. can produce more information

Question 54: *Which of the following terms is defined in the passage?*

- A. Survey
- B. Representative sampling
- C. Response rate
- D. Public opinion

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 55 to 64.

Although most universities in the United States are on a semester system, which offers classes in the fall and spring, some schools observe a quarter system comprised of fall, winter, spring, and summer quarters. The academic year, September to June, is divided into three quarters of eleven weeks each beginning in September, January, and March: the summer quarter, June to August, is composed of shorter sessions of vary length.

There are several advantages and disadvantages to the quarter system. On the plus side, students who wish to complete their degrees in less than the customary four years may take advantage of the opportunity to study year round by enrolling in all four quarters. In addition, although most students begin their programs in the fall quarter, they may enter at the beginning of any other quarters. Finally, since the physical facilities are kept in operation year round, the resources are used effectively to serve the greatest number of students. But there are several disadvantages as well. Many faculty complain that eleven-week term is simply not enough for them to cover the material required by most college course. Students also find it difficult to complete the assignments in such a short period of time.

In order to combine the advantages of the quarter system with those of the semester system some colleges and universities have instituted a three-term trimester system. In fourteen weeks, faculty and students have more time to cover material and finish course requirements, but the additional term provides options for admission during the year and accelerates the degree programs for those students who wish to graduate early.

Question 55: *Which of the following would be the best title for this passage?*

- A. The Quarter System
- B. The Academic Year
- C. Universities in the United States
- D. The Semester System

Question 56: *A semester system _____.*

- A. gives students the opportunity to study year round
- B. has two major sessions a year
- C. Isn't very popular in the United States
- D. has eleven-week sessions

Question 57: *How many terms are there in a quarter system?*

- A. Two regular terms and two summer terms
- B. Four regular terms and one summer term
- C. One regular term and four summer terms
- D. Three regular terms and one summer term

Question 58: *When is the academic year?*

- A. September to June
- B. September to August

C. August to June

D. June to August

Question 59: *The word “customary” in paragraph 2 could best be replaced by_____.*

A. traditional

B. limited

C. length

D. agreeable

Question 60: *When may students begin studying in a school that uses a quarter system?*

A. at the beginning of the academic year

B. Summer semester only

C. at the beginning of any quarter

D. September

Question 61: *The word “them” in paragraph 2 refers to_____.*

A. faculty

B. weeks

C. courses

D. material

Question 62: *The word “instituted” in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to_____.*

A. attempted

B. recommended

C. established

D. considered

Question 63: *Which of the following characteristics does NOT apply to trimesters?*

A. They allow students to graduate early

B. They are long enough to cover the course material

C. they provide more options for admission

D. they last eleven weeks

Question 64: *Where would this passage most probably be found?*

A. In a American newspaper

B. In a general guide to colleges and universities in the United States

C. In a dictionary published in the United States

D. In a college catalog for a university in the United States

SECTION B (2 points)

I. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it. Write your answers on your answer sheet.

Question 65. Although he was very tired, he agreed to help me with my homework.

Tired as _____

Question 66. The bus driver cannot be blamed for the accident in any way.

In no _____

Question 67. There is a rumour that the guy stole the car.

It is _____

Question 68. We didn't go on holiday because we didn't have enough money.

If we _____

Question 69. I was not surprised to hear that Harry had failed his driving test.

It came as _____

II. In about 140 words, write a paragraph about your future job after leaving school .

Write your paragraph on your answer sheet.

----- THE END -----

Thí sinh không được sử dụng tài liệu. Cán bộ coi thi không giải thích gì thêm.

Họ và tên thí sinh:..... Số báo danh:

SỞ GD&ĐT BẮC GIANG
TRƯỜNG THPT NGÔ SĨ LIÊN

ĐỀ THI THỬ KỲ THI THPT QUỐC GIA LẦN 2

Năm học 2015 - 2016

Môn: TIẾNG ANH LỚP 12

Đề thi có 06 trang

Thời gian làm bài: 90 phút (Không kể thời gian phát đề)

(Học sinh làm phần trắc nghiệm 64 câu vào phiếu trả lời trắc nghiệm và phần tự luận vào mặt sau của phiếu trả lời.)

Mã đề thi 216

SECTION A (8 points)

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question1: A. character B. switch C. chemical D. Christmas

Question2: A. addition B. advantage C. adventure D. advertise

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question3: It is _____ work of art that everyone wants to have a look at it.

A. such unusual a B. such an unusual C. so an unusual D. a so unusual

Question4: As a millionaire who liked to show off her wealth, Mrs. Smith paid _____ we asked.

A. four times as much as B. four time as many as
C. four times much as D. four time much than

Question5: _____, I would give a party.

A. Should she come next month B. If she come next month
C. She were to come next month D. If she came here now

Question6: He was very lucky when he fell off the ladder. He _____ himself.

A. must have hurt B. should have hurt C. will have hurt D. could have hurt

Question7: The teacher, along with her students, _____ going to school at the moment.

A. is B. was C. were D. are

Question8: Her mother, _____ has been working for thirty years, is retiring next month.

A. whose B. whom C. that D. who

Question9: The man _____ at the blackboard is our teacher.

A. standing B. to stand C. stood D. stands

Question10: In a formal interview, it is essential to maintain good eye _____ with the interviewers.

A. contact B. touch C. link D. connection

Question11: We are going to _____

A. have our house be redecorated B. have our house redecorated
C. have our house to be redecorated D. get our house being redecorated

Question12: I suggest the room _____ before Christmas.

A. be decorated B. were decorated C. should decorate D. is decorated

Question13: "Your parents must be proud of your result at school". - " _____ "

A. I am glad you like it. B. Sorry to hear that.
C. Thanks. It's certainly encouraging. D. Of course

Question14: The theory of relativity _____ by Einstein, who was a famous physicist.

A. is developed B. developed C. develops D. was developed

Question15: Without my parents' support, _____ my overseas study.

- A.** had not completed
C. will not complete
- B.** would not have completed
D. did not complete

Question16: She isn't _____ well with the new manager.

- A.** going on **B.** keeping on **C.** taking on **D.** getting on

Question17: The last student _____ was John.

- A.** to be interviewed **B.** who is interviewed
C. whom was interviewed **D.** for interviewed

Question18: You should look up the meaning of the new in the dictionary _____ misuse it

- A.** so as to **B.** to **C.** so as not to **D.** so that

Question19: _____ is to give strangers your address.

- A.** What must never you do
C. That you must never do
- B.** That must never you do
D. What you must never do

Question20: Maria: “I’m taking my end-of-term examination tomorrow.”

Sarah: “ .”

- A. Good day** **B. Good luck** **C. Good time** **D. Good chance**

Question21: They asked me a lot of questions, I couldn't answer.

- A.** most of which **B.** of which most **C.** most of that **D.** of that most

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose stress differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question22: A. kindergarten B. Contaminate C. curriculum D. conventional

Question23: A. attend B. visit C. apply D. appear

Question24: A. attendance B. security C. obedient D. candidate

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question25: I received housing benefit when I was **unemployed**.

- A.** out of work **B.** out of practice **C.** out of fashion **D.** out of order

Question26: Before the interview, you have to send a letter of application and **your résumé** to the company.

- A.** recommendation **B.** photograph **C.** reference **D.** curriculum vitae

Question27: GCSEs are not compulsory, but they are the most common qualifications taken by 14-16-year-old students.

- A.** fulfilled **B.** required **C.** specialized **D.** applied

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) *OPPOSITE* in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question28: “That is a **well-behaved** boy whose behavior has nothing to complain about”

- A.** behaving nice **B.** behaving cleverly **C.** good behavior **D.** behaving improperly

Question29: Punctuality is imperative in your new job.

- A. Being late** **B. Being cheerful** **C. Being courteous** **D. Being efficient**

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question30: The assumption **that** smoking has bad **effects on** our health **have been proved**.

- A**

Question31: I like the fresh air and green trees of the village which I spent my vacation last year.

- | A | B | C | D |
|----|----|----|-----|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 |
| 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |
| 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 |
| 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 |
| 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 |
| 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 |
| 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 |
| 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 |
| 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |
| 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 |
| 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 |
| 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 |
| 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 |
| 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |
| 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 |
| 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 |
| 89 | 90 | 91 | 92 |
| 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 |
| 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |

Question32: The General Certificate of Secondary Education (GCSE) is the name of a set of English qualifications, generally taking by secondary school students at the age of 15-16 in England.

C

D

Question33: Full-time jobs for men are declining, while more women are finding part- and full-time work. The result is declining social status for men so they lose their role as the sole financial provider.

B

C

D

Question34: I told him I'd prefer to walk, but he insisted to give me a lift.

A

B

C

D

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 35 to 44.

You will make the interview process easier for the employer if you prepare relevant information about yourself. Think about how you want to present your (35)____, experiences, education, work style, skills, and goals. Be prepared to supplement all your answers with examples that support the statements you make. It is also a good idea to review your resume with a critical eye and (36) ____ areas that an employer might see as limitations or want further information. Think about how you can answer difficult questions (37) ____ and positively, while keeping each answer brief.

An interview gives the employer a (38)____ to get to know you. While you do want to market yourself to the employer, answer each question with an honest (39) ____.

Never say anything negative about past experiences, employers, or courses and professors. Always think of something positive about an experience and talk about that. You should also be (40) _____. If you are genuinely interested (41) _____ the job, let the interviewer know that.

One of the best ways to show you are keen on a job is to demonstrate that you have researched the organization prior to the interview. You can also (42) _____ interest by asking questions about the job, the organization, and its services and products. The best way to impress an employer is to ask questions that build upon your interview discussion. This shows you are interested and (43) _____ close attention to the interviewer. It is a good idea to prepare a few questions in advance, but an insightful comment based on your conversation can make an even stronger statement. At the (44) _____ of an interview, it is appropriate for you to ask when you may expect to hear; from the employer.

Question35: A. pressures B. strengths C. practices D. promotions

Question36: A. hide B. limit C. express D. identify

Question37: A. accurately B. rightly C. hardly D. sharply

Question38: A. change B. practice C. way D. chance

Question39: A. ability B. response C. expression D. respect

Question40: A. enthusiast B. enthusiasm C. enthusiastic D. enthusiastically

Question41: A. for B. on C. with D. in

Question42: A. appear B. show C. conceal D. cover

Question43: A. spend B. pay C. choose D. make

Question44: A. end B. close C. finish D. final

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 45 to 54.

A survey is a study, generally in the form of an interview or a questionnaire, which provides information concerning how people think and act. In the United States, the best-known surveys are the Gallup poll and the Harris poll. As anyone who watches the news during campaigns presidential knows, these polls have become an important part of political life in the United States.

North Americans are familiar with the many "person on the street" interviews on local television news shows. While such interviews can be highly entertaining, they are not necessarily an accurate indication of public opinion. First, **they** reflect the opinions of only those people who appear at a certain location. Thus, such samples can be biased in favor of commuters, middle-class shoppers, or factory workers, depending on which area the news people select. Second, television interviews tend to attract outgoing people who are willing to appear on the air, while they frighten away others who may feel intimidated by a camera. A survey must be based on a **precise**, representative sampling if it is to genuinely reflect a broad range of the population.

In preparing to conduct a survey, sociologists must **exercise** great care in the wording of questions. An effective survey question must be simple and clear enough for people to understand it. It must also be specific enough so that there are no problems in interpreting the results. Even questions that are less structured must be carefully phrased in order to **elicit** the type of information desired. Surveys can be indispensable sources of information, but only if the sampling is done properly and the questions are worded accurately.

There are two main forms of surveys: the interview and the questionnaire. Each of these forms of survey research has its advantages. An interviewer can obtain a high response rate because people find it more difficult to turn down a personal request for an interview than to throw away a written questionnaire. In addition, an interviewer can go beyond written questions and probe for a subject's underlying feelings and reasons. However, questionnaires have the advantage of being cheaper and more consistent.

Question45: *What does the passage mainly discuss?*

- A. The principles of conducting surveys
- B. The importance of polls in American political life
- C. The history of surveys in North America
- D. Problems associated with interpreting surveys

Question46: *The word "they" in line 7 refers to _____.*

- A. interviews
- B. news shows
- C. North Americans
- D. opinions

Question47: *According to the passage, the main disadvantage of person-on-the-street interviews is that they*

- A. reflect political opinions
- B. are used only on television
- C. are not carefully worded
- D. are not based on a representative sampling

Question48: *The word "precise" in line 10 is closest in meaning to _____.*

- A. rational
- B. accurate
- C. required
- D. planned

Question49: *According to paragraph 3, which of the following is most important for an effective survey?*

- A. An interviewer's ability to measure respondents' feelings
- B. Carefully worded questions
- C. A sociologist who is able to interpret the results
- D. A high number of respondents

Question50: *The word "exercise" in line 12 is closest in meaning to _____.*

- A. consider
- B. design
- C. utilize
- D. defend

Question51: *The word "elicit" in line 15 is closest in meaning to _____.*

- A. rule out
- B. bring out
- C. predict
- D. compose

Question52: *It can be inferred from the passage that one reason that sociologists may become frustrated with questionnaires is that _____.*

- A. respondents are too eager to supplement questions with their own opinions
- B. respondents often do not complete and return questionnaires
- C. questionnaires are expensive and difficult to distribute
- D. questionnaires are often difficult to read

Question53: *According to the passage, one advantage of live interviews over questionnaires is that live interviews _____.*

- A. minimize the influence of the researcher
- B. are easier to interpret
- C. can produce more information
- D. cost less

Question54: *Which of the following terms is defined in the passage?*

- A. Representative sampling
- B. Response rate
- C. Public opinion
- D. Survey

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 55 to 64.

Although most universities in the United States are on a semester system, which offers classes in the fall and spring, some schools observe a quarter system comprised of fall, winter, spring, and summer quarters. The academic year, September to June, is divided into three quarters of eleven weeks each beginning in September, January, and March: the summer quarter, June to August, is composed of shorter sessions of vary length.

There are several advantages and disadvantages to the quarter system. On the plus side, students who wish to complete their degrees in less than the customary four years may take advantage of the opportunity to study year round by enrolling in all four quarters. In addition, although most students begin their programs in the fall quarter, they may enter at the beginning of any other quarters. Finally, since the physical facilities are kept in operation year round, the resources are used effectively to serve the greatest number of students. But there are several disadvantages as well. Many faculty complain that eleven-week term is simply not enough for them to cover the material required by most college coursed. Students also find it difficult to complete the assignments in such a short period of time.

In order to combine the advantages of the quarter system with those of the semester system some colleges and universities have instituted a three-term trimester system. In fourteen weeks, faculty and students have more time to cover material and finish course requirements, but the additional term provides options for admission during the year and accelerates the degree programs for those students who wish to graduate early.

Question55: *Which of the following would be the best title for this passage?*

- A. The Semester System
- B. The Academic Year
- C. Universities in the United States
- D. The Quarter System

Question56: *A semester system _____.*

- A. has two major sessions a year
- B. Isn't very popular in the United States
- C. gives students the opportunity to study year round
- D. has eleven-week sessions

Question57: *How many terms are there in a quarter system?*

- A. Three regular terms and one summer term
- B. One regular term and four summer terms
- C. Two regular terms and two summer terms
- D. Four regular terms and one summer term

Question58: *When is the academic year?*

- A. September to August
C. June to August

- B. September to June
D. August to June

Question59: *The word “customary” in paragraph 2 could best be replaced by_____.*

- A. agreeable B. limited C. traditional D. length

Question60: *When may students begin studying in a school that uses a quarter system?*

- A. Summer semester only B. at the beginning of the academic year
C. at the beginning of any quarter D. September

Question61: *The word “them” in paragraph 2 refers to_____.*

- A. material B. courses C. faculty D. weeks

Question62: *The word “instituted” in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to_____.*

- A. recommended B. attempted C. established D. considered

Question63: *Which of the following characteristics does NOT apply to trimesters?*

- A. they provide more options for admission
B. They allow students to graduate early
C. they last eleven weeks
D. They are long enough to cover the course material

Question64: *Where would this passage most probably be found?*

- A. In a American newspaper
B. In a dictionary published in the United States
C. In a general guide to colleges and universities in the United States
D. In a college catalog for a university in the United States

SECTION B (2 points)

I. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it. Write your answers on your answer sheet.

Question 65. Although he was very tired, he agreed to help me with my homework.

Tired as _____

Question 66. The bus driver cannot be blamed for the accident in any way.

In no _____

Question 67. There is a rumor that the guy stole the car.

It is _____

Question 68. We didn't go on holiday because we didn't have enough money.

If we _____

Question 69. I was not surprised to hear that Harry had failed his driving test.

It came as _____

II. In about 140 words, write a paragraph about your future job after leaving school .

Write your paragraph on your answer sheet.

----- THE END -----

Thí sinh không được sử dụng tài liệu. Cán bộ coi thi không giải thích gì thêm.

Họ và tên thí sinh:..... Số báo danh:

SỞ GD&ĐT BẮC GIANG
TRƯỜNG THPT NGÔ SĨ LIÊN

ĐỀ THI THỬ KỲ THI THPT QUỐC GIA LẦN 2

Năm học 2015 - 2016

Môn: TIẾNG ANH LỚP 12

Đề thi có 06 trang

Thời gian làm bài: 90 phút (Không kể thời gian phát đề)

(Học sinh làm phần trắc nghiệm 64 câu vào phiếu trả lời trắc nghiệm và
phần tự luận vào mặt sau của phiếu trả lời.)

Mã đề thi 374

SECTION A (8 points)

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question1: The theory of relativity _____ by Einstein, who was a famous physicist.

- A. is developed B. developed C. was developed D. develops

Question2: I suggest the room _____ before Christmas.

- A. be decorated B. should decorate C. is decorated D. were decorated

Question3: Maria: "I'm taking my end-of-term examination tomorrow."

Sarah: "_____."

- A. Good day B. Good luck C. Good time D. Good chance

Question4: "Your parents must be proud of your result at school". - "_____"

- A. I am glad you like it. B. Sorry to hear that.
C. Thanks. It's certainly encouraging. D. Of course

Question5: It is _____ work of art that everyone wants to have a look at it.

- A. a so unusual B. so an unusual C. such an unusual D. such unusual a

Question6: Without my parents' support, _____ my overseas study.

- A. did not complete B. would not have completed
C. will not complete D. had not completed

Question7: She isn't _____ well with the new manager.

- A. keeping on B. going on C. taking on D. getting on

Question8: He was very lucky when he fell off the ladder. He _____ himself.

- A. could have hurt B. should have hurt C. will have hurt D. must have hurt

Question9: _____, I would give a party.

- A. She were to come next month B. If she came here now
C. Should she come next month D. If she come next month

Question10: Her mother, _____ has been working for thirty years, is retiring next month.

- A. whose B. who C. that D. whom

Question11: In a formal interview, it is essential to maintain good eye _____ with the interviewers.

- A. link B. touch C. contact D. connection

Question12: They asked me a lot of questions, _____ I couldn't answer.

- A. most of which B. most of that C. of which most D. of that most

Question13: The teacher, along with her students, _____ going to school at the moment.

- A. is B. are C. was D. were

Question14: You should look up the meaning of the new in the dictionary _____ misuse it

- A. so as to B. to C. so as not to D. so that

Question15: As a millionaire who liked to show off her wealth, Mrs. Smith paid _____ we asked.

- A. four time as many as B. four times as much as
C. four times much as D. four time much than

Question16: The man _____ at the blackboard is our teacher.

- A. to stand B. standing C. stood D. stands

Question17: The last student _____ was John.

- A. to be interviewed B. who is interviewed
C. whom was interviewed D. for interviewed

Question18: _____ is to give strangers your address.

- A. What you must never do B. What must never you do
C. That must never you do D. That you must never do

Question19: We are going to _____

- A. have our house be redecorated B. have our house redecorated
C. have our house to be redecorated D. get our house being redecorated

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 20 to 29.

A survey is a study, generally in the form of an interview or a questionnaire, which provides information concerning how people think and act. In the United States, the best-known surveys are the Gallup poll and the Harris poll. As anyone who watches the news during campaigns presidential knows, these polls have become an important part of political life in the United States.

North Americans are familiar with the many "person on the street" interviews on local television news shows. While such interviews can be highly entertaining, they are not necessarily an accurate indication of public opinion. First, they reflect the opinions of only those people who appear at a certain location. Thus, such samples can be biased in favor of commuters, middle-class shoppers, or factory workers, depending on which area the news people select. Second, television interviews tend to attract outgoing people who are willing to appear on the air, while they frighten away others who may feel intimidated by a camera. A survey must be based on a precise, representative sampling if it is to genuinely reflect a broad range of the population.

In preparing to conduct a survey, sociologists must exercise great care in the wording of questions. An effective survey question must be simple and clear enough for people to understand it. It must also be specific enough so that there are no problems in interpreting the results. Even questions that are less structured must be carefully phrased in order to elicit the type of information desired. Surveys can be indispensable sources of information, but only if the sampling is done properly and the questions are worded accurately.

There are two main forms of surveys: the interview and the questionnaire. Each of these forms of survey research has its advantages. An interviewer can obtain a high response rate because people find it more difficult to turn down a personal request for an interview than to throw away a written questionnaire. In addition, an interviewer can go beyond written questions and probe for a subject's underlying feelings and reasons. However, questionnaires have the advantage of being cheaper and more consistent.

Question20: *What does the passage mainly discuss?*

- A. The principles of conducting surveys
B. The history of surveys in North America
C. Problems associated with interpreting surveys
D. The importance of polls in American political life

Question21: *The word "they" in line 7 refers to _____.*

- A. news shows B. North Americans C. opinions D. interviews

Question22: *According to the passage, the main disadvantage of person-on-the-street interviews is that they*

- A. are not carefully worded B. are not based on a representative sampling

C. reflect political opinions

D. are used only on television

Question23: *The word "precise" in line 10 is closest in meaning to _____.*

A. rational

B. planned

C. accurate

D. required

Question24: *According to paragraph 3, which of the following is most important for an effective survey?*

A. An interviewer's ability to measure respondents' feelings

B. Carefully worded questions

C. A sociologist who is able to interpret the results

D. A high number of respondents

Question25: *The word "exercise" in line 12 is closest in meaning to _____.*

A. utilize

B. defend

C. design

D. consider

Question26: *The word "elicit" in line 15 is closest in meaning to _____.*

A. bring out

B. predict

C. rule out

D. compose

Question27: *It can be inferred from the passage that one reason that sociologists may become frustrated with questionnaires is that _____.*

A. respondents are too eager to supplement questions with their own opinions

B. respondents often do not complete and return questionnaires

C. questionnaires are often difficult to read

D. questionnaires are expensive and difficult to distribute

Question28: *According to the passage, one advantage of live interviews over questionnaires is that live interviews _____.*

A. minimize the influence of the researcher

B. cost less

C. can produce more information

D. are easier to interpret

Question29: *Which of the following terms is defined in the passage?*

A. Response rate

B. Representative sampling

C. Public opinion

D. Survey

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question30: Before the interview, you have to send a letter of application and your résumé to the company.

A. curriculum vitae

B. photograph

C. reference

D. recommendation

Question31: GCSEs are not compulsory, but they are the most common qualifications taken by 14-16-year-old students.

A. fulfilled

B. required

C. specialized

D. applied

Question32: I received housing benefit when I was unemployed.

A. out of work

B. out of order

C. out of fashion

D. out of practice

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question33: Punctuality is imperative in your new job.

A. Being late

B. Being cheerful

C. Being courteous

D. Being efficient

Question34: "That is a well-behaved boy whose behavior has nothing to complain about"

A. behaving nice

B. behaving cleverly

C. good behavior

D. behaving improperly

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 35 to 44.

You will make the interview process easier for the employer if you prepare relevant information about yourself. Think about how you want to present your (35)____, experiences, education, work style, skills, and goals. Be prepared to supplement all your answers with examples that support the statements you make. It is also a good idea to review your resume with a critical eye and (36) ____ areas that an employer might see as limitations or want further information. Think about how you can answer difficult questions (37) ____ and positively, while keeping each answer brief.

An interview gives the employer a (38)_____ to get to know you. While you do want to market yourself to the employer, answer each question with an honest (39) _____.

Never say anything negative about past experiences, employers, or courses and professors. Always think of something positive about an experience and talk about that. You should also be (40) _____. If you are genuinely interested (41) _____ the job, let the interviewer know that.

One of the best ways to show you are keen on a job is to demonstrate that you have researched the organization prior to the interview. You can also (42) _____ interest by asking questions about the job, the organization, and its services and products. The best way to impress an employer is to ask questions that build upon your interview discussion. This shows you are interested and (43) _____ close attention to the interviewer. It is a good idea to prepare a few questions in advance, but an insightful comment based on your conversation can make an even stronger statement. At the (44) _____ of an interview, it is appropriate for you to ask when you may expect to hear; from the employer.

- | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Question35: | A. pressures | B. strengths | C. promotions | D. practices |
| Question36: | A. express | B. limit | C. hide | D. identify |
| Question37: | A. rightly | B. hardly | C. sharply | D. accurately |
| Question38: | A. way | B. chance | C. practice | D. change |
| Question39: | A. ability | B. expression | C. respect | D. response |
| Question40: | A. enthusiastically | B. enthusiasm | C. enthusiastic | D. enthusiast |
| Question41: | A. on | B. with | C. for | D. in |
| Question42: | A. cover | B. appear | C. conceal | D. show |
| Question43: | A. choose | B. spend | C. pay | D. make |
| Question44: | A. end | B. final | C. close | D. finish |

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- | | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Question45: | A. sw <u>it</u> ch | B. Ch <u>ri</u> stmas | C. ch <u>a</u> racter | D. ch <u>e</u> mical |
| Question46: | A. <u>a</u> dventure | B. <u>a</u> dvan <u>t</u> age | C. <u>a</u> ddition | D. <u>a</u> dvertise |

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose stress differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Question47: | A. conventional | B. contaminate | C. curriculum | D. kindergarten |
| Question48: | A. appear | B. attend | C. apply | D. visit |
| Question49: | A. attendance | B. security | C. obedient | D. candidate |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 50 to 59.

Although most universities in the United States are on a semester system, which offers classes in the fall and spring, some schools observe a quarter system comprised of fall, winter, spring, and summer quarters. The academic year, September to June, is divided into three quarters of eleven weeks each

beginning in September, January, and March: the summer quarter, June to August, is composed of shorter sessions of vary length.

There are several advantages and disadvantages to the quarter system. On the plus side, students who wish to complete their degrees in less than the customary four years may take advantage of the opportunity to study year round by enrolling in all four quarters. In addition, although most students begin their programs in the fall quarter, they may enter at the beginning of any other quarters. Finally, since the physical facilities are kept in operation year round, the resources are used effectively to serve the greatest number of students. But there are several disadvantages as well. Many faculty complain that eleven-week term is simply not enough for them to cover the material required by most college coursed. Students also find it difficult to complete the assignments in such a short period of time.

In order to combine the advantages of the quarter system with those of the semester system some colleges and universities have instituted a three-term trimester system. In fourteen weeks, faculty and students have more time to cover material and finish course requirements, but the additional term provides options for admission during the year and accelerates the degree programs for those students who wish to graduate early.

Question50: *Which of the following would be the best title for this passage?*

- A. The Academic Year
- B. The Semester System
- C. Universities in the United States
- D. The Quarter System

Question51: *A semester system _____.*

- A. has two major sessions a year
- B. has eleven-week sessions
- C. gives students the opportunity to study year round
- D. Isn't very popular in the United States

Question52: *How many terms are there in a quarter system?*

- A. Two regular terms and two summer terms
- B. Three regular terms and one summer term
- C. One regular term and four summer terms
- D. Four regular terms and one summer term

Question53: *When is the academic year?*

- A. September to June
- B. June to August
- C. September to August
- D. August to June

Question54: *The word "customary" in paragraph 2 could best be replaced by_____.*

- A. traditional
- B. length
- C. limited
- D. agreeable

Question55: *When may students begin studying in a school that uses a quarter system?*

- A. September
- B. at the beginning of any quarter
- C. Summer semester only
- D. at the beginning of the academic year

Question56: *The word "them" in paragraph 2 refers to_____.*

- A. weeks
- B. courses
- C. faculty
- D. material

Question57: *The word "instituted" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to_____.*

- A. recommended
- B. established
- C. considered
- D. attempted

Question58: *Which of the following characteristics does NOT apply to trimesters?*

- A. They are long enough to cover the course material
- B. They allow students to graduate early
- C. they last eleven weeks
- D. they provide more options for admission

Question59: *Where would this passage most probably be found?*

- A. In a dictionary published in the United States
- B. In a American newspaper
- C. In a general guide to colleges and universities in the United States
- D. In a college catalog for a university in the United States

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question60: The assumption that smoking has bad effects on our health have been proved.

A B C D

Question61: I like the fresh air and green trees of the village which I spent my vacation last year.

A B C D

Question62: Full-time jobs for men are declining, while more women are finding part- and full-time work .The result is declining social status for men so they lose their role as the sole financial provider.

B C D

Question63: The General Certificate of Secondary Education (GCSE) is the name of a set of English qualifications, generally taking by secondary school students at the age of 15-16 in England.

A B

C D

Question64: I told him I'd prefer to walk, but he insisted to give me a lift .

A B C D

SECTION B (2 points)

I. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it. Write your answers on your answer sheet.

Question 65. Although he was very tired, he agreed to help me with my homework.

Tired as _____

Question 66. The bus driver cannot be blamed for the accident in any way.

In no _____

Question 67. There is a rumor that the guy stole the car.

It is _____

Question 68. We didn't go on holiday because we didn't have enough money.

If we _____

Question 69. I was not surprised to hear that Harry had failed his driving test.

It came as _____

II. In about 140 words, write a paragraph about your future job after leaving school .

Write your paragraph on your answer sheet.

----- THE END -----

Thí sinh không được sử dụng tài liệu. Cán bộ coi thi không giải thích gì thêm.

Họ và tên thí sinh:..... Số báo danh:

SỞ GD&ĐT BẮC GIANG
TRƯỜNG THPT NGÔ SĨ LIÊN

ĐỀ THI THỬ KỲ THI THPT QUỐC GIA LẦN 2

Năm học 2015 - 2016

Môn: TIẾNG ANH LỚP 12

Đề thi có 06 trang

Thời gian làm bài: 90 phút (Không kể thời gian phát đề)

(Học sinh làm phần trắc nghiệm 64 câu vào phiếu trả lời trắc nghiệm và phần tự luận vào mặt sau của phiếu trả lời.)

Mã đề thi 429

SECTION A (8 points)

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question1: A. chemical B. Christmas C. character D. switch
Question2: A. advertise B. adventure C. advantage D. addition

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose stress differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question3: A. attend B. appear C. visit D. apply
Question4: A. conventional B. kindergarten C. curriculum D. contaminate
Question5: A. attendance B. security C. obedient D. candidate

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question6: Maria: "I'm taking my end-of-term examination tomorrow."

Sarah: "_____."

- A. Good luck B. Good chance C. Good day D. Good time

Question7: The last student _____ was John.

- A. for interviewed B. who is interviewed
C. to be interviewed D. whom was interviewed

Question8: _____ is to give strangers your address.

- A. What you must never do B. What must never you do
C. That must never you do D. That you must never do

Question9: "Your parents must be proud of your result at school". - "_____"

- A. I am glad you like it. B. Sorry to hear that.
C. Thanks. It's certainly encouraging. D. Of course

Question10: The theory of relativity _____ by Einstein, who was a famous physicist.

- A. developed B. develops C. is developed D. was developed

Question11: We are going to _____

- A. have our house be redecorated B. have our house to be redecorated
C. get our house being redecorated D. have our house redecorated

Question12: I suggest the room _____ before Christmas.

- A. should decorate B. be decorated C. were decorated D. is decorated

Question13: It is _____ work of art that everyone wants to have a look at it.

- A. such an unusual B. so an unusual C. a so unusual D. such unusual a

Question14: He was very lucky when he fell off the ladder. He _____ himself.

- A. could have hurt B. should have hurt C. will have hurt D. must have hurt

Question15: Without my parents' support, _____ my overseas study.

- A. did not complete
C. will not complete

- B. would not have completed
D. had not completed

Question16: As a millionaire who liked to show off her wealth, Mrs. Smith paid _____ we asked.

- A. four times as much as
C. four time much than
- B. four time as many as
D. four times much as

Question17: The man _____ at the blackboard is our teacher.

- A. stands
B. stood
C. to stand
D. standing

Question18: Her mother, _____ has been working for thirty years, is retiring next month.

- A. whose
B. who
C. whom
D. that

Question19: You should look up the meaning of the new in the dictionary _____ misuse it

- A. to
B. so as not to
C. so that
D. so as to

Question20: In a formal interview, it is essential to maintain good eye _____ with the interviewers.

- A. link
B. touch
C. contact
D. connection

Question21: They asked me a lot of questions, _____ I couldn't answer.

- A. most of which
B. most of that
C. of which most
D. of that most

Question22: The teacher, along with her students, _____ going to school at the moment.

- A. is
B. are
C. was
D. were

Question23: _____, I would give a party.

- A. Should she come next month
C. She were to come next month
- B. If she come next month
D. If she came here now

Question24: She isn't _____ well with the new manager.

- A. keeping on
B. going on
C. taking on
D. getting on

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question25: GCSEs are not compulsory, but they are the most common qualifications taken by 14-16-year-old students.

- A. fulfilled
B. required
C. specialized
D. applied

Question26: I received housing benefit when I was unemployed.

- A. out of work
B. out of order
C. out of fashion
D. out of practice

Question27: Before the interview, you have to send a letter of application and your résumé to the company.

- A. photograph
B. curriculum vitae
C. recommendation
D. reference

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question28: "That is a well-behaved boy whose behavior has nothing to complain about"

- A. behaving nice
B. behaving cleverly
C. good behavior
D. behaving improperly

Question29: Punctuality is imperative in your new job.

- A. Being cheerful
B. Being courteous
C. Being late
D. Being efficient

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question30: The assumption that smoking has bad effects on our health have been proved.

A

B C

D

Question31: I told him I'd prefer to walk, but he insisted to give me a lift.

A B C D

Question32: The General Certificate of Secondary Education (GCSE) is the name of a set of English qualifications, generally taking by secondary school students at the age of 15-16 in England.

C D

Question33: I like the fresh air and green trees of the village which I spent my vacation last year.

A B C D

Question34: Full-time jobs for men are declining, while more women are finding part- and full-time work.

A

The result is declining social status for men so they lose their role as the sole financial provider.

B C D

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 35 to 44.

You will make the interview process easier for the employer if you prepare relevant information about yourself. Think about how you want to present your (35)____, experiences, education, work style, skills, and goals. Be prepared to supplement all your answers with examples that support the statements you make. It is also a good idea to review your resume with a critical eye and (36) ____ areas that an employer might see as limitations or want further information. Think about how you can answer difficult questions (37) ____ and positively, while keeping each answer brief.

An interview gives the employer a (38)____ to get to know you. While you do want to market yourself to the employer, answer each question with an honest (39) ____.

Never say anything negative about past experiences, employers, or courses and professors. Always think of something positive about an experience and talk about that. You should also be (40) _____. If you are genuinely interested (41) _____ the job, let the interviewer know that.

One of the best ways to show you are keen on a job is to demonstrate that you have researched the organization prior to the interview. You can also (42) _____ interest by asking questions about the job, the organization, and its services and products. The best way to impress an employer is to ask questions that build upon your interview discussion. This shows you are interested and (43) _____ close attention to the interviewer. It is a good idea to prepare a few questions in advance, but an insightful comment based on your conversation can make an even stronger statement. At the (44) _____ of an interview, it is appropriate for you to ask when you may expect to hear; from the employer.

Question35: A. promotions B. practices C. pressures D. strengths

Question36: A. identify B. hide C. express D. limit

Question37: A. hardly B. sharply C. accurately D. rightly

Question38: A. chance B. practice C. change D. way

Question39: A. expression B. response C. ability D. respect

Question40: A. enthusiastic B. enthusiast C. enthusiastically D. enthusiasm

Question41: A. with B. in C. for D. on

Question42: A. cover B. show C. appear D. conceal

Question43: A. pay B. make C. spend D. choose

Question44: A. close B. end C. finish D. final

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 45 to 54.

A survey is a study, generally in the form of an interview or a questionnaire, which provides information concerning how people think and act. In the United States, the best-known surveys are the Gallup poll and the Harris poll. As anyone who watches the news during campaigns presidential knows, these polls have become an important part of political life in the United States.

North Americans are familiar with the many “person on the street” interviews on local television news shows. While such interviews can be highly entertaining, they are not necessarily an accurate indication of public opinion. First, **they** reflect the opinions of only those people who appear at a certain location. Thus, such samples can be biased in favor of commuters, middle-class shoppers, or factory workers, depending on which area the news people select. Second, television interviews tend to attract outgoing people who are willing to appear on the air, while they frighten away others who may feel intimidated by a camera. A survey must be based on a **precise**, representative sampling if it is to genuinely reflect a broad range of the population.

In preparing to conduct a survey, sociologists must **exercise** great care in the wording of questions. An effective survey question must be simple and clear enough for people to understand it. It must also be specific enough so that there are no problems in interpreting the results. Even questions that are less structured must be carefully phrased in order to **elicit** the type of information desired. Surveys can be indispensable sources of information, but only if the sampling is done properly and the questions are worded accurately.

There are two main forms of surveys: the interview and the questionnaire. Each of these forms of survey research has its advantages. An interviewer can obtain a high response rate because people find it more difficult to turn down a personal request for an interview than to throw away a written questionnaire. In addition, an interviewer can go beyond written questions and probe for a subject's underlying feelings and reasons. However, questionnaires have the advantage of being cheaper and more consistent.

Question45: What does the passage mainly discuss?

- A. The importance of polls in American political life
- B. Problems associated with interpreting surveys
- C. The principles of conducting surveys
- D. The history of surveys in North America

Question46: The word "they" in line 7 refers to _____.

- A. interviews
- B. North Americans
- C. news shows
- D. opinions

Question47: According to the passage, the main disadvantage of person-on-the-street interviews is that they

- A. reflect political opinions
- B. are not carefully worded
- C. are not based on a representative sampling
- D. are used only on television

Question48: The word "precise" in line 10 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. accurate
- B. required
- C. planned
- D. rational

Question49: According to paragraph 3, which of the following is most important for an effective survey?

- A. Carefully worded questions
- B. An interviewer's ability to measure respondents' feelings
- C. A sociologist who is able to interpret the results
- D. A high number of respondents

Question50: The word "exercise" in line 12 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. design
- B. utilize
- C. defend
- D. consider

Question51: The word "elicit" in line 15 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. rule out B. bring out C. compose D. predict

Question52: *It can be inferred from the passage that one reason that sociologists may become frustrated with questionnaires is that_____.*

- A. questionnaires are expensive and difficult to distribute
B. questionnaires are often difficult to read
C. respondents often do not complete and return questionnaires
D. respondents are too eager to supplement questions with their own opinions

Question53: *According to the passage, one advantage of live interviews over questionnaires is that live interviews_____.*

- A. minimize the influence of the researcher B. can produce more information
C. are easier to interpret D. cost less

Question54: *Which of the following terms is defined in the passage?*

- A. Representative sampling B. Public opinion
C. Response rate D. Survey

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 55 to 64.

Although most universities in the United States are on a semester system, which offers classes in the fall and spring, some schools observe a quarter system comprised of fall, winter, spring, and summer quarters. The academic year, September to June, is divided into three quarters of eleven weeks each beginning in September, January, and March: the summer quarter, June to August, is composed of shorter sessions of vary length.

There are several advantages and disadvantages to the quarter system. On the plus side, students who wish to complete their degrees in less than the customary four years may take advantage of the opportunity to study year round by enrolling in all four quarters. In addition, although most students begin their programs in the fall quarter, they may enter at the beginning of any other quarters. Finally, since the physical facilities are kept in operation year round, the resources are used effectively to serve the greatest number of students. But there are several disadvantages as well. Many faculty complain that eleven-week term is simply not enough for them to cover the material required by most college coursed. Students also find it difficult to complete the assignments in such a short period of time.

In order to combine the advantages of the quarter system with those of the semester system some colleges and universities have instituted a three-term trimester system. In fourteen weeks, faculty and students have more time to cover material and finish course requirements, but the additional term provides options for admission during the year and accelerates the degree programs for those students who wish to graduate early.

Question 55: *Which of the following would be the best title for this passage?*

- A. The Semester System B. The Academic Year
C. The Quarter System D. Universities in the United States

Question 56: *A semester system_____.*

- A. gives students the opportunity to study year round
B. has two major sessions a year
C. has eleven-week sessions
D. Isn't very popular in the United States

Question 57: *How many terms are there in a quarter system?*

- A. Two regular terms and two summer terms B. One regular term and four summer terms
C. Four regular terms and one summer term D. Three regular terms and one summer term

Question 58: *When is the academic year?*

- A. June to August B. September to June

C. August to June

D. September to August

Question 59: *The word “customary” in paragraph 2 could best be replaced by_____.*

A. agreeable

B. limited

C. traditional

D. length

Question 60: *When may students begin studying in a school that uses a quarter system?*

A. at the beginning of any quarter

B. September

C. Summer semester only

D. at the beginning of the academic year

Question 61: *The word “them” in paragraph 2 refers to_____.*

A. courses

B. material

C. weeks

D. faculty

Question 62: *The word “instituted” in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to_____.*

A. recommended

B. considered

C. attempted

D. established

Question 63: *Which of the following characteristics does NOT apply to trimesters?*

A. They allow students to graduate early

B. They are long enough to cover the course material

C. they provide more options for admission

D. they last eleven weeks

Question 64: *Where would this passage most probably be found?*

A. In a dictionary published in the United States

B. In a American newspaper

C. In a general guide to colleges and universities in the United States

D. In a college catalog for a university in the United States

SECTION B (2 points)

I. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it. Write your answers on your answer sheet.

Question 65. Although he was very tired, he agreed to help me with my homework.

Tired as _____

Question 66. The bus driver cannot be blamed for the accident in any way.

In no _____

Question 67. There is a rumor that the guy stole the car.

It is _____

Question 68. We didn't go on holiday because we didn't have enough money.

If we _____

Question 69. I was not surprised to hear that Harry had failed his driving test.

It came as _____

II. In about 140 words, write a paragraph about your future job after leaving school .

Write your paragraph on your answer sheet.

----- THE END -----

Thí sinh không được sử dụng tài liệu. Cán bộ coi thi không giải thích gì thêm.

Họ và tên thí sinh:..... Số báo danh:

SỞ GD&ĐT BẮC GIANG
TRƯỜNG THPT NGÔ SĨ LIÊN
HDC có 02 trang

HDC THI THỬ KỲ THI THPT QUỐC GIA LẦN 2
Năm học 2015 - 2016
Môn: TIẾNG ANH LỚP 12

SECTION A (8 points)

Câu hỏi	Mã đề thi			
	MĐ 183	MĐ 216	MĐ374	MĐ 429
1.	C	B	C	D
2.	A	D	A	A
3.	C	B	B	C
4.	B	A	C	B
5.	B	D	C	D
6.	C	D	B	A
7.	D	A	D	C
8.	D	D	A	A
9.	D	A	B	C
10.	D	A	B	D
11.	B	B	C	D
12.	C	A	A	B
13.	D	C	A	A
14.	D	D	C	A
15.	A	B	B	B
16.	A	D	B	A
17.	C	A	A	D
18.	A	C	A	B
19.	D	D	B	B
20.	D	B	A	C
21.	A	A	D	A
22.	C	A	B	A
23.	A	B	C	D
24.	D	D	B	D
25.	D	A	A	B
26.	B	D	A	A
27.	A	B	B	B
28.	C	D	C	D
29.	D	A	D	C
30.	D	D	A	D
31.	C	C	B	C
32.	C	C	A	C
33.	C	C	A	C
34.	C	C	D	C
35.	B	B	B	D
36.	B	D	D	A
37.	B	A	D	C
38.	A	A	B	A
39.	B	B	D	B
40.	B	C	C	A
41.	B	D	D	B

42.	B	B	D	B
43.	C	B	C	A
44.	C	A	A	B
45.	B	A	A	C

Câu hỏi	Mã đề thi			
	MĐ 183	MĐ 216	MĐ374	MĐ 429
46.	A	A	D	A
47.	A	D	D	C
48.	B	B	D	A
49.	D	B	D	A
50.	B	C	D	B
51.	D	B	A	B
52.	A	B	B	C
53.	D	C	A	B
54.	A	D	A	D
55.	A	D	B	C
56.	B	A	C	B
57.	D	A	B	D
58.	A	B	C	B
59.	A	C	C	C
60.	C	C	D	A
61.	A	C	C	D
62.	C	C	C	D
63.	D	C	C	D
64.	B	C	C	C

SECTION B (2 points)

I. $0.1 \times 5 = 0.5$

Question 65. Tired as he was, he agreed to help me with my homework.

Question 66. In no way can the bus driver be blamed for the accident.

Question 67. It is rumored that the guy stole it.

Question 68. If we had had enough money, we would have gone on holiday.

Question 69. It came as no surprise to me that Harry had failed his driving test.

II. 1.5 (point) Mô tả tiêu chí đánh giá:

1. Bố cục (0,40 điểm)

- o Câu đề dẫn chủ đề mạch lạc
- o Bố cục hợp lý rõ ràng phù hợp yêu cầu của đề bài
- o Bố cục uyển chuyển từ mở bài đến kết luận

2. Phát triển ý (0,25 điểm)

- o Phát triển ý có trình tự logic
- o Có dẫn chứng, ví dụ, ... đủ để bảo vệ ý kiến của mình

3. Sử dụng ngôn từ (0,30 điểm)

- o Sử dụng ngôn từ phù hợp nội dung
- o Sử dụng ngôn từ đúng văn phong / thể loại
- o Sử dụng từ nối các ý cho bài viết uyển chuyển

4. Nội dung (0,30 điểm)

- o Đủ thuyết phục người đọc
- o Đủ dẫn chứng, ví dụ, lập luận
- o Độ dài: Số từ không nhiều hơn hoặc ít hơn so với quy định 5%

5. Ngữ pháp, dấu câu, và chính tả (0,25 điểm)

- o Sử dụng đúng dấu câu
- o Chính tả: Viết đúng chính tả
 - _ Lỗi chính tả gây hiểu nhầm / sai lệch ý sẽ bị tính một lỗi (trừ 1% điểm của bài viết)
 - _ Cùng một lỗi chính tả lặp lại chỉ tính là một lỗi
- o Sử dụng đúng thời, thể, cấu trúc câu đúng ngữ pháp. (Lỗi ngữ pháp gây hiểu nhầm / sai lệch ý sẽ bị trừ 1% điểm bài viết)

- Điểm phần trắc nghiệm: Mỗi câu đúng 0,125đ iểm x64 câu= 8 điểm
- Điểm phần viết:
 - Part I: Mỗi câu đúng 0, 1 điểm x5 câu = 0, 5 điểm
 - Part II: 1,5 điểm

Điểm cuối cùng: Lấy tổng điểm phần trắc nghiệm và phần viết.

----- THE END ---
