

A. technological

ĐỀ THI CUỐI HỌC KÌ 2 MÔN TIẾNG ANH LỚP 12

NĂM HỌC 2018 – 2019

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined							
part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.							
Question 1. A. answer <u>ed</u>	B. crowd <u>ed</u>	C. enjoy <u>ed</u>	D. fail <u>ed</u>				
Question 2. A. question	B. invitation	C. station	D. vacation				
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D or	n your answer	sheet to indicate th	he word that differs from				
the other three in the position of	primary stres	s in each of the foll	owing questions.				
Question 3. A. mischievous	B. solution	C. obedient	D. important				
Question 4. A. unchangeable	B. adjustable	e C. emotiona	d D. privilege				
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on	your answer	sheet to indicate th	e correct answer to each				
of the following questions.							
Question 5. By the year 2050, co	mputers	teachers.					
A. replace B. wi	ll replace	C. will have replac	ed D. have replaced				
Question 6. It is necessary for parents these days to be in dealing with their children.							
A. patient and patient B. more and more patient							
C. more patient and more		D. more patient and more patient					
Question 7 Drivers or pilots	_ the best rout	es to the destination	quickly and effectively.				
A. have the GPS found		B. use the GPS to t	find				
C. get the GPS find		D. get the GPS found					
Question 8. Helen usually1	Question 8. Helen usually her childhood with great pleasure.						
A. talks back to B. thi	nks back on	C. turns back to	D. falls back on				
Question 9. If I hadn't stayed up	so late last nig	tht, I so tired the	nis morning.				
A. don't feel B. fel	t	C. didn't feel	D. wouldn't have felt				
Question 10. If there are aliens out there, do you think they are much more advanced							
than we are?							

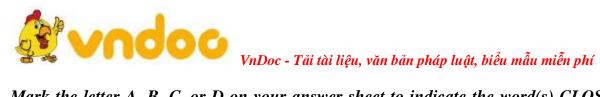
B. technologically

C. technology

D. technologies



Question 11. After the po	ower failure last nigh	nt, the washing mach	nine started to, so I			
had to wash the clothes by	hands.					
A. make noise	B. malfunction	C. operate	D. work			
Question 12. The telesco	pe will photograph	distant galaxies,	attempt to understand			
their past.						
A. in	B. for	C. on	D. with			
Question 13. John was pr	comoted last month for	or being such a	worker.			
A. dishonest	B. committed	C. unenthusiastic	D. unreliable			
Question 14. "Susan, ca	an you remember to	photocopy these do	ocuments for tomorrow's			
meeting?" said the line ma	nager.					
→ The line manager	Susan to photo	ocopy those docume	ents for the meeting the			
following day.						
A. reminded	B. advised	C. invited	D. told			
Question 15. I'm searching	g for websites offerir	ng career advice so th	at I can a plan.			
A. come up against	B. come up with	C. draw up with	D. come across with			
Question 16. I'm so	under with work at t	the moment - it's awf	ul.			
A. iced	B. rained	C. snowed	D. fogged			
Question 17. You should	consider before	you begin to prepare	e for it.			
A. whether does a c	career have a promisi	ng future				
B. whether or not a	career has a promisir	ng future				
C. whether if a care	C. whether if a career has a promising future					
D. whether a career	has a promising futu	ıre				
Question 18, but the	nere's something abo	ut the perfect outfit	that can really make you			
feel good at your workplac	ce.					
A. Not only is it fur	n to dress up	B. It is not for	un only to dress up			
C. Not only it is fun to dress up D. Is it not only fun to dress up						



Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in

meaning to the underline	d word(s) in each	of the following q	uestions.
Question 19. No one aske	d him to donate hi	is money. He did it	voluntarily.
A. willingly	B. unwillingly	C. reluctantly	D. suspiciously
Question 20. The atmosp	here at work was	so bad that Brian	eventually decided to hand in
his notice.			
A. notify the boss	B. apply for ano	ther job	
C. give up his job	D. be given a be	tter job	
Mark the letter A, B, C,	or D on your ansv	wer sheet to indica	te the word(s) OPPOSITE in
meaning to the underline	d word(s) in each	of the following q	uestions.
Question 21. One of the	best ways to un	derstand what a j	ob is like, is to do it. Work
experience is a great way	to get a feel for wh	nat a job is all abou	t.
A. to have an under	standing about	B. to to	uch with one's own hands
C. to have the faint	est idea about	D. to do some	hing on purpose
Question 22. Most young	people, independ	lent as they seem,	do not feel ready to make big
decisions. They may feel	immense pressur	e trying to decide	what to do when they leave
school.			
A. strong	B. great	C. little	D. tiny
Mark the letter A, B, C	, or D on your	answer sheet to i	ndicate the option that best
completes each of the foll	owing exchanges.		
Question 23: Nam: Will y	ou continue your	further education a	fter leaving school?
Lan:			
A. Further education	n is not for everyo	one.	
B. Leaving school	s an important mi	lestone.	
C. I haven't decided	l yet.		
D. Are you interest	ed in my academic	e results at school?	
Question 24: "What do yo	ou do for a living?	»	
A. I live by workin	g as a secretary.	B. I live	e a happy life, thank you.



C. I ear	C. I earn enough for a living.			D. I am a	D. I am a secretary.		
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet			heet to indica	te the underlined	part that		
needs correct	ion in each	of the follov	wing question	ns			
Question 25.	Helen likes	to listen to	music, to g	o to the cinema	a, to chat on the p	hone and	
going shoppin	<u>1g</u> .						
A			В	C]	D	
Question 26.	In my judg	ment, <u>I thin</u>	k Hem is the	<u>best</u> physicist	among the scienti	ists of the	
SEA region.							
	A	В	C		D		
Question 27.	A professor	of econom	y and history	at our univers	sity <u>developed</u> a ne	ew theory	
of the relation	iship						
	A			В			
<u>between</u> histo	rical events	and financia	al crises.				
C			D				
Read the foll	lowing passe	age and ma	irk the letter	A, B, C, or I	D on your answei	r sheet to	
indicate the c	orrect word	or phrases	that best fits	each of the nu	mbered blanks.		
Mobile phon	es emit mi	crowave ra	dio emission	ns. Researcher	s are questioning	whether	
exposure to th	nese radio w	aves might ((28)	to b	orain cancer. So far	r, the data	
are not concl	usive. The	scientific ev	vidence does	not enable us	s to say with certa	ainly that	
mobile phone	s are catego	orically (29)		On the other	hand, current res	earch has	
not yet proved	d clear adver	rse effect ass	sociated with	the prolonged	use of mobile pho	nes	
Numerous	s studies are	now going	(30)	in vari	ous countries. Son	me of the	
results are co	ntradictory	but others h	nave shown	an association	between mobile p	hone use	
and cancer. (31),	these studie	es are prelin	ninary and the	issue needs furthe	er, long -	
term investiga	ation. Until t	he scientific	data is more	e definite, it is j	prudent for people	to try not	
to use mobile	e phone for	long period	s of time. D	on't think that	hands free phone	s are any	
safer either. A	at the mome	nt, research	is in fact sho	owing the oppo	site and they may	be just as	
dangerous. It	is also thoug	ht that your	ng people (3)	2) 1	odies are still grov	wing may	



be at particular risk.

Question 28. A. bring	B. lead	C. cause	D. produce
Question 29. A. risky	B. unhealthy	C. secure	D. safe
Question 30. A. on	B. by	C. through	D. about
Question 31. A. Additionally	B. However	C. While	D. Thought
Question 32. A. whose	B. that	C. with	D. as

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions

Living things like plants, animals, and people need energy to survive and grow. People eat food for energy, but most plants use energy that they get from sunlight. When you look at plants such as a tree, flower, or grass, what do you see? You might notice their stems, trunks, branches, leaves, roots, or flowers, but how do they grow? What are they made from? How did the plant make those parts?

Life is a puzzle in many ways. People don't all agree on how life started or why it exists. Yet a simple way of thinking about how plants grow is to think of the plant itself as a piece of a larger puzzle. Each plant is a part of its unique environment. Different environments could be oceans, forests, deserts, or cities. Each environment also has its own climate, which is partially based on how much sun and rain an area receives every year.

Since only certain plants grow in hot, cool, wet, or dry climates, each environment is made up of different types of plant life. A desert may grow palm trees and cacti, while a forest may grow tall pines or oak trees. In order for a plant to grow, it needs three very important puzzle pieces: water, carbon dioxide, and light. Plants use their roots to take in water from the ground. <u>They</u> use their leaves to take in sunlight and carbon dioxide from the air.

Plants use these three puzzle pieces to make their own food in a process called photosynthesis. Using the energy from the sun, plants convert water and carbon dioxide into sugar. This sugar feeds the plant's growth from a seedling into an adult. In the process, the plant releases oxygen into the air. Another important piece to the growth of many plants is



soil. Using their roots, plants take in nutrients from the soil that help them grow. Giving a plant a spot in clean soil is important to make sure it doesn't **absorb** anything harmful from the dirt.

Plants make their food from carbon dioxide, water and light. They use this food to grow stems, trunks, roots, branches, leaves, and flowers. Now when you look at a tree, flower, or even a blade of grass, you can see all the pieces of the plant and how the entire puzzle fits together.

(Question 33:	Where do	o pl	lants	get t	heir	energy	from	?
7	C		- 1		0				

A. the moon

B. sunlight

C. their stem

D. their roots

Question 34: The following are puzzle pieces that a plant needs to grow EXCEPT____

A. carbon dioxide

B. water

C. light

D. roots

Question 35: What would happen to a plant if it grew in polluted soil?

A. The plant would grow faster than in clean soil.

B. The plant would grow the same as in clean soil.

C. The plant would not be healthy and could die.

D.The plant would absorb more nutrients from the soil.

Question 36: What is this passage mostly about?

A. how plants grow B. sunlight and water C. energy sources

ources D. nutrients in soil

Question 37: The word "<u>absorb</u>" in paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to _____.

A. use something

B. take something in

C. go under something D. put something out

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The old belief was that you had to go to school to get educated, but there are plenty of people who have educated themselves outside of school and become successful. They followed their passion, educated themselves as they went along, and found success despite not actually going to a school where you sit down, learn from a teacher, and take tests.



I think that the first 12 years of education are **critical**. Primary and secondary education teaches you the basics, helps you get into a mindset of learning, exposes you to a variety of areas that you can pursue after school, and gives you some real world experience with socializing and working with other people.

All of those things are important, but after that, you can't rely on a school to really educate you in life. You can go to college and learn about whatever field you want to go into. But, **that school education** isn't going to give you the knowledge you need to really be successful in your career and your life.

For example, I have a friend who is an accountant. He hasn't finished all the courses in school that he needs to get his Bachelor's degree, but he has more knowledge and ability than anyone who has finished their courses in school that he works with. He **reads up on** what he needs to know as he works. He is passionate about what he does. He can figure stuff out that his fully-schooled peers can't. And he is a shining example of why going to school doesn't **automatically** mean you are more educated.

The point is that you can educate yourself in the real world. Obviously, there are some programs that you have to take if you want to be accepted into a specific kind of job. Even though you can educate yourself outside of school, many professions still require you to finish an education and have a piece of paper proving it so that you can get hired.

But, for many other things, you can educate yourself by doing things related to your career or passions. You can educate yourself online by taking courses, learning from experts, buying eBooks, and having discussions with like-minded people. You don't need a school to be educated in life. As Mark Twain said, "I have never let my schooling interfere with my education."

Question 38. It is stated in paragraph 1 that _____.

- A. It is not always necessary for a person to go to school to be educated
- B. Most of those who do not go to school are very successfully educated
- C. Education has nothing to do with a school teachers, classes and tests
- D. People will no longer go to school to be officially educated and succeed



A. a magazine for teachers

VnDoc - Tải tài liệu, văn bản pháp luật, biểu mẫu miễn phí
Question 39. Which of the following can serve as the title for the passage?
A. Schooling Does not Mean Education B. Being Educated Doesn't require School
C. Going to School Will Soon Be out of Date
D. Being Educated Outweighs Being Schooled.
Question 40. The word "critical" in paragraph 2 mostly means
A. having a decisive or crucial importance for
B. taking on a considerable importance to
C. assuming enormous significance for
D. exerting a great influence on
Question 41. With the phrase "that school education" in paragraph 3 the writer refers to
·
A. the education people receive from primary schools
B. the education people receive from secondary schools
C. the first 12 years of education people receive
D. the education people do for a degree or the like
Question 42 The example described in paragraph 3 refers to the fact that
A. a person going to school is not always educated
B. a person can educate himself in practical life
C. courses at colleges are merely for the degree
D. knowledge acquired at colleges can be read elsewhere
Question 43. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?
A. degree-holding person should still go on self-educating for a successful career.
B. Many professions require that employees acquire official courses.
C. Doing things in relevance to profession or interest is one way of educating
yourself.
D. Doing things in passion has nothing to do with taking official degree courses.
Question 44 . This passage is most likely to be taken from

B. a journal of education sciences



C. a textbook for university students

D. an article for the public

Question 45. The tone passage is _____.

A. descriptive

B. affirmative

C. negative

D. creative

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 46. "Leave my house now or I'll call the police!" shouted the lady to the man.

- A. The lady threatened to call the police if the man didn't leave her house.
- B. The lady said that she would call the police if the man didn't leave her house.
- C. The lady told the man that she would call the police if he didn't leave her house.
- D. The lady informed the man that she would call the police if he didn't leave her house.

Question 47. Thanks to her high grades at university, Barbara is offered the position.

- A. If she got high grades at university, Barbara would be offered the position.
- B. It was her high grades at university which offer Barbara the position.
- C. If she hadn't got high grades at university, Barbara would not have been offered the position.
- D. If she had not got high grades at university, Barbara would not be offered the position.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 48. He's just so flexible. He'll adapt to any situation.

- A. Flexible as he is, he cannot adapt to any situation.
- B. He's too flexible to adapt to any situation.
- C. He's enough flexible to adapt to any situation.
- D. He's so flexible that he'll adapt to any situation.

Question 49. I judge by the car he drives. I'd say he's got a pretty good job.

- A. Because I judge by the car he drives, I'd say he's got a pretty good job.
- B. When I judge by the car he drives, I'd say he's got a pretty good job.



- C. Unless I judge by the car he drives, I'd say he's got a pretty good job
- D. Judging by the car he drives, I'd say he's got a pretty good job.

Question 50. Ann always keeps up with the latest fashions. She works for a famous fashion house.

- A. Ann works for a famous fashion house, so she always keeps up with the latest fashions.
- B. Ann always keeps up with the latest fashions so as not to work for a famous fashion house.
- C. Not working for a famous fashion house, Ann always keeps up with the latest fashions.
- D. Despite working for a famous fashion house, Ann hardly keeps up with the latest fashions.

Mời bạn đọc tham khảo thêm tài liệu Tiếng Anh lớp 12 tại đây:

Bài tập Tiếng Anh lớp 12 theo từng Unit: https://vndoc.com/tieng-anh-lop-12

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<u>12</u>